Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1810. [2794.

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marstelle

may 1, v.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY
CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars,
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,
Has lately received for sale the following articles:

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the commercial relations of the United States with England.
Zollikoffer's Sermons on Education.
Remarks on Adams' Review of Ames' works.
Mrs. Chapone's works.
Macknight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to subscribers 2 dolls. 50 cts in boards.
Guthrie's Geographical, Historical, and Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols. octavo.
The works of President Edwards, 8 vols. octavo.
The works of Dr. Rush, 4 vols. octavo.
Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.
Brooks' Gazetteer.
Hutchinson's Xenophon.
Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.
Murphy's Lucian.
Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.
American Register, vol. 5th.
Dr. Ramsay's History of Sout. Carolina, 2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

☞ Subscriptions received by R. Gray or the Monthly Anthology, Macknight on the Epistles, and a new American Dispensatory, all now publishing by subscription in town.

MUSCOVADO SUGAR.

About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars of a superior quality in casks, weighing from 18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on generous terms, on application to

James Patton,
OR
Marsteller & Young.

March 18. d

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for sale,

8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old and of superior quality
15 quarter casks Malaga Wine
6 do. Colmenar do.
10 do. Sherry BB & DG Brands
20 cases old Claret and Vin de Grave
30 barrels Whiskey
8 hhds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qualities.

With a general assortment of Wines, Liquors and Groceries as usual, on moderate terms.

March 2

Russia and Ravens DUCK.

One Hundred Bolts
First quality Russia and Ravens Duck.
ALSO,
50 boxes fresh LEMONS,
10 bags Pimento,
2000 bushels of Salt,
2 pipes old Port Wine of a very superior quality——*For sale by*
John G. Ladd.

April 27.

For FREIGHT,

The Schooner Unity,
JOHN HALL, Master;
Burthen about 500 barrels, will be ready to receive a cargo in a few days. Apply to
Lawrason and Fowle.

May 5.

For Freight,

The Schooner
CAROLINE,
Silas Toby, Master;
Burthen about 700 barrels, is an excellent vessel and ready to receive a cargo on board immediately. Apply to
Lawrason and Fowle.

May 8.

LANDING THIS DAY,

From on board the ship Almira, and for sale by the subscriber,
30 hhds. Muscovado SUGAR,
59 bags and 3 bls.
PRIME GREEN COFFEE.
Jacob Morgan,
Tucker's wharf.

☞ *Who will give Cash for good W. O. hogshead and barrel STAVES.*

May 1. d

Union College Lottery.

Prizes remaining in the wheel at the close of the 9th days drawing.

3	prices of	25,000
4	do.	10,000
1	do.	5,000
2	do.	2,000
4	do 250 tickets each.	
5	do.	1,000
38	do.	500
22	do.	200
37	do.	100
93	do.	50
165	do.	20
8834	do.	10

The first drawn number on the 10th day entitled to $ 1000.

The first drawn on the 15th day entitled to 250 tickets, from No 1 to 250 inclusive, and all the prizes that may be drawn to them, before or after that day.

Present price of tickets $ 12.

R. Gray.

April 8.

JUST RECEIVED

BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
FANCY GOODS,
VIZ.

GILT and mahogany frame LOOKING GLASSES — *of the newest patterns*— Tea Boards of different colours; Knives and Forks; Pen and Sportsmans' Knives; Whips and Canes of various kinds; ladies' kid and leather Gloves; gentlemens' ditto; Pocket Books; cloth, hair, shoe and sweeping Brushes; plated and brass Candle Sticks new patterns, Razors, &c. &c.——He also continues carrying on the

COMB MAKING,

and has on hand, a quantity of ivory, tortoise shell and horn Combs; all of which he offers for sale at reduced prices for Cash.

☞ CASH given for Tortoise Shell and Horns.

Thomas Mount.

April 20.

Valuable Land for Sale.

IN pursuance of certain decrees of the worshipful court of Fairfax county, we the subscribers, commissioners in the said decrees mentioned, will expose to public sale, at the house of Charles I. Love, Esq. in said county, on Saturday the 19th day of May next (if fair, if not the next fair day)

Sundry Tracts of Land,

containing together eleven hundred and nineteen and an half acres, situated in the said county of Fairfax, on the waters of Cub and Flatlick runs, on the old turnpike road, and commonly known by the name of Salisbury—On these lands there are valuable improvements—The terms of sale will be for ready money.

Charles Tyler, jun.
Humphrey Peake.

April 7 eots

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, wholesale or retail:

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton,
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.
Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES,
Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and
30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

Plaister Paris and Clover Seed.

Landing from the Schooner Hero, Captain Pierce,

A quantity of Plaister of Paris and Clover Seed.

ALSO,

15 hhds. molasses
30 bbls N. E. rum
40 do. apples
2 pipes Lisbon wine
For sale by
John G. Ladd.

April 2.

Bryan Hampson. & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,

15 hhds. first quality New Orleans sugar.
30 bales Upland Georgia cotton.
5 hhds. Jamaica and Antigua rum.
15 do New England do.
15 hhds. first quality molasses.
10 tierces rice.
600 lbs. Bengal Indigo.
400 do. Flotant do.
15 bags heavy pepper.
15 do. pimento.
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.
30 do. Bakers do.
20 qr casks Malaga wine.
300 reams writing and wrapping paper.

AND ON HAND,

London particular Madeira, Do. do. Teneriffe, Sherry, Sicily, Madeira & Port } WINES
All of the first quality in pipes and quarter casks.
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin } TEAS
20,000 lbs. green coffee in bags, and a general assortment of all kinds of groceries.
Selected flour for family use.

☞ Madder.

JUST Received, a few hundred pounds of the first quality Madder—And for sale by
BRYAN HAMPSON & CO.

May 10.

Public Sale.

On Tuesday next at ten o'clock will be sold at the Vendue Store, on a credit of 3 and 6 months for approved negotiable notes—the following goods.

1 Case 4-4 and 6-4 cambric muslins
1 Do. Lenc muslins
1 Do. figured Jaconet muslins
1 Do. Black and coloured cambrics
1 Do. Cambric dimities and shirting
1 Trunk of chintzes
2 Do. calicoes,
1 Do. ginghams
5 Case of men & womens' cotton stockings
4 Dozen silk stockings
1 Case of white and coloured threads
Sewing silks of different colors.
30 Pieces of black lutestrings
4 Ditto black sattin
2 Do. plaid silks
Black silk handkerchiefs, shawls and pocket handkerchiefs
Bandano and Madras handkerchiefs
1000 pieces sunkeens
Cotton cassimeres and bedticking
Irish linens, Russia sheetings & brown Hollands
Cotton and thread laces
1 case of pins
Watches and jewelry
Knives, forks, pocket and pen knives
Ivory and bent combs
80 reams writing paper
10 chests hyson and young hyson teas
2 hogsheads sugar, 20 pipes Madeira wine
And sundry other articles for cash.

P. G. Marsteller.

May 17.

Public Sale,

By virtue of a deed of trust from *William Hodgson* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a debt due from him to the Bank of Potomac, will be exposed to auction, on the premises, on the 23d day of JUNE next, the following Property in the town of Alexandria, to wit:—

One piece or parcel of Ground with the improvements thereon, lying on the south side of Prince street and bounded as follows:—Beginning on Prince street 22 feet to the eastward of Water street, and running thence eastwardly with Prince street 24 feet, thence southwardly 44 feet 4 inches, thence westwardly 24 feet, thence northwardly to the beginning.

ALSO,

One other piece of Ground, with the improvements thereon, lying & being on the south side of Prince street 45 feet to the eastward of Water street, and running thence eastwardly with Prince street 40 feet, thence southwardly 44 feet, thence westwardly 40 feet, thence to the beginning.

ALSO,

One other piece or parcel of unimproved Ground, lying on the north side of Prince street & to the eastward of Washington street; beginning at the intersection of those streets and running westwardly with Prince street 62 feet 5 inches, thence northwardly 70 feet, thence eastwardly 62 feet 5 inches to Washington street, thence to the beginning.

This property will be sold upon a credit of one, two and three years, for notes negotiable in the Bank of Potomac, with approved endorsers, carrying interest from the day of sale. A lien will be required upon the property sold to secure the payments.

Thomas Swann, *Trustee.*

May 12—17.

Twenty-five Cents Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on Sunday the 13th instant, an apprentice boy named *WILLIAM PIPER*, about 12 years of age. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and bringing him home.

Robert Hall.

May 17. 3t

☞ All masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring or carrying him off at their peril.

THE TICKLER,

An independently political, literary and amusing paper, published in the city of Philadelphia on every Wednesday morning, by *TOBY SCRATCHAM*, may be subscribed for at C. A. SHULZE'S Circulating Library, Fairfax street, Alexandria.

☞ Terms—Four Dollars per annum, payable semi-annually in advance.

May 2. 1aug2

Alexandria Daily Gazette,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

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Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

FRIDAY, MAY 15.

A PINDARIC EFFUSION TO THE CAUSE OF SPAIN AND EUROPE.

"*Is it the cause—is it the cause, my soul,*"
SHAKESPEARE.

It dawns! It dawns! the new spring day,
That ends the Demon-despot's sway,
Flushed with glory tinted dyes,
It glows along Hesperian skies;
While new born floods of light reveal
The wandering of a patriot's zeal.

Oh! hallowed be that heav'nly light
That sends her beams from pole to pole,
To manifest the magic might
That slumbered in the Spaniard's soul;
And hallowed be that sacred cause
Whose clarion woke in energy,
For Spain, her Rights, Religion, Laws,
To save—or perish gloriously!
Now, Demon despot; now
Unknown terrors damp thy brow:
Spirit of liberty! he sees thee near;
Hence is his frantic fear.

Her lightning scares, her drooping crest,
The patriot flame is circling high,
It burns in every freeman's breast,
It flames in every Spaniard's eye,
And scaling the usurper's throne,
Pure as it blazed at Marathon,
As generous as high,
Assails his unanointed crown:
Recoiling from his guilty state,
Sick'ning he sees his rushing fate,
And, as the tyrant hears,
List'ning his stronger fears,
The Echo of exulting sounds,
From hill to hill rebounds.
Spaniards! our country's voice!
Death before chains and slavery!
She calls to arms! awake! Rejoice,
Her trumpet call is victory.
Despot! our cause! our glorious cause,
Could make thy servile minion—Men;
How then shall it kindle those
Who boast the fame and blood of Spain?
The cause, the cause, the glorious cause,
Can fire the virgins fluttering heart;
To save our soil, to guard our laws,
Even women act a Roman's part:
Even on that cheek, that softer cheek,
Where love assumed a lovelier hue,
Resentful blushes mantling speak,
What wonders such a cause can do.
Then with the Ocean's mighty Isle,
Join'd in one faithful, fearless hand,
We'll sweep these vermin from the soil,
And renovate the smiling land;
And whether doomed to live or die,
Let Spaniards still exulting cry,
Spain and her laws,
Her glorious case,
The good old cause of liberty,
Of ancient Greece and early Rome,
Spain! and laurelled victory,
Or death and an immortal tomb!

From the SUN, a London paper.

NARRATIVE OF THE LATE CAMPAIGN IN LA MANCHA.

BY AN EYE WITNESS.

Quaeque ipse miserrima vidi.

There has been so much calumny & prejudice spread in this country with respect to the Spanish patriots; the imbecility of their government has been so often charged upon them; the impolicy of making any farther efforts in their favor, so much insisted upon in some of the public prints, that the writer of the following narrative feels it a duty which he owes that brave and high minded people, to rescue them from these imputations. It will be seen from it, that the loss of the battle of Ocana, which has led to the occupation of Andalusia, was not in the least degree owing to the misconduct of the Spanish interior generals or soldiers, but solely to the rashness, ignorance and total incapacity of Ariesaga, the commander in chief, who on that unfortunate occasion even lost the reputation he had previously acquired for personal courage.

The plan of the campaign suggested by an officer of great experience, and who distinguished himself in the service of Austria, was as follows:—

The army of La Mancha was to pass rapidly through to the open country, carry off the detached corps of the enemy, and place itself upon the Eastern Tagus, with one division passed over. The rest of the army was to entrench in the mountains.—If the position should be found not tenable, it was not to accept battle, but to manœuvre so as to gain the mountains of Guadiana. The duke of Parque was to manœuvre upon the Escurial, and alarm the French on that side of Madrid, while the duke of Albuquerque was to move in the direction of Talavera. The British were requested to favor these movements. Thus, by the mere effect of manœuvre, the enemy would have been obliged to retire until his reinforcements arrived, behind the Ebro, without being able to fight a battle. The first part of the plan was well executed, but owing to the imprudence and folly of Ariesaga, all was lost.

Lieutenant general Ariesaga was appointed late in October to the command of the army of La Mancha, which had been for some time stationed in and about La Carolina, behind the pass of the Opintopeno, and in the mountains of the Sierra Morena. On the 3d of November, the army, consisting of 6,000 effective cavalry, 43,000 effective infantry, and 60 pieces of cannon, with eight days provisions in waggons, left La Carolina, & descended from the mountains into the plains of La Mancha, marched partly by Daymet to the left, and along the high road to Madrid, through Valdepenes and Mansanares, towards the Tagus, in the following order—

The advanced guard, consisting of 2000 cavalry, were one day's march in front;—then the seven divisions of infantry, with the reserve of cavalry, and the head-quarters last. The army had no tents, marched from 20 to 30 English miles a day, & slept in the towns.

The French on its approach, retired across to Guadiana. About the sixth day's march, General Freire, who commanded the cavalry, and who always marched with the advanced guard, was very near surrounding and taking the French general of division, Latour Maubourg, with 2,100 horse, at Madridejes. A serjeant of the dragoons of Alcantara having deserted at night, gave the enemy intimation; & they had just time to get out of the town when the Spanish hussars and dragoons attacked them at day-break, with great courage, and killed a great many. The army continued its march through Tembleque to Dos Barrios. For three or four days the Spanish cavalry was engaged in very spirited combats with the French cavalry, and always succeeded in driving the enemy. At La Guardia, the day before the army arrived at Dos Barrios, the horse grenadiers of Ferdinand VII. the regiments of Farnese and Pavia sabred, for four miles, the dragoons of the French rear guard. No prisoners were taken on these occasions.

The army advanced to Ocana; there a great fault was committed: hitherto every thing had gone on well. The march was admirable, and the conduct of the cavalry brilliant; the infantry had not been engaged. Just in front of Ocana, the French rear guard of the cavalry presented itself, and was charged. It opened right and left, and the Spanish dragoons came upon a regiment of infantry who were drawn up against the town, which gave them a volley, killed 200, and took two pieces of cannon of the horse artillery. Ten thousand French staid all night in the town, and retreated across the Tagus early in the morning, although thirty thousand Spanish infantry *bivouacqued* close to the town. The general in chief was with them, and must of course bear all the blame of this fatal inactivity.

The general on quitting Carolina, said his intention was to march rapidly upon Madrid, before the French could collect and concentrate their army; but his incapacity became soon evident. He delayed three days at Dos Barrios. He then made a very dangerous flank march, by his right parallel to the Tagus, to Santa Cruz de la Zarza, twenty English miles from Dos Barrios — While the army remained at Dos Barrios the cavalry was engaged every day. The royal carbineers distinguished themselves, particularly at Mora on the left. At Santa Cruz the general threw bridges over the Tagus, and passed a division over. The army continued in this position three days. It had suffered much; the clothing was very bad. The long marches and wet had destroyed the shoes; half the army was barefooted, but the troops were in high spirits. Nothing can exceed the Spanish soldiers for long marches and supporting hunger and privation of every kind. The French pushed their patroles of cavalry to within half a league of the town. The next morning the general drew out his army in order of battle. The rains had now ceased, but the French did not appear. He then took the fatal resolution of quitting the mountains which were behid him, and of going to seek the French, and give them battle in the plains; with soldiers half famished, badly armed and imperfectly disciplined.

On the 13th of November, the army marched from Santa Cruz back to Dos Barrios. The greatest part of the army was ten miles in front of Ocana. Major general Bernez and the cavalry arrived at Ocana at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. They found there the French general Paris, with 800 dragoons and Poles. About 400 Spaniards attacked them. The engagement was well contested. Four or five hundred men on both sides fell by the sword, among whom was general Paris, who was singled out and carried out of the saddle by one of the *lancers* of Pavia.

The army *bivouacqued* that night. The next morning the French army, which has been collecting some days, presented itself, having crossed the Tagus in the night.—General Ariesaga drew out his army to receive them; his disposition was bad. He divided into two equal parts; one on each side of Ocana, which stands in an immense plain, and touching the town, both wings *en l'air*. This was bad, because though it was easy to communicate before and behind the town, yet it divided the line. The ground fell a little in front, and there was a gentle slope to some olive plantations about two miles in front, behind which the French were, amounting to 48,000. There was another error in the disposition, the second line was too near the first, so that there was not room to rally the latter in case of disorder. Most of the cavalry were upon the right flank in four lines; a vicious disposition, because they made little show, and were neither column nor line. The artillery was all stationed upon the flanks of each division, and was admirably served; the Spanish artillery is their best arm.

At seven o'clock in the morning, the skirmishes of the Spanish army, under the young general Zayes, who commanded the advanced guard, and who is one of the most distinguished soldiers in Spain, attacked and drove back the French cavalry. Between 8 and 9 o'clock, all the Spanish army was in order of battle, about 50,000 men, and the cannonade began on both sides.—The French fired from a battery in their centre, diagonally, upon the Spanish right, and struck the cavalry often, who supported the cannonade for a long time, with great steadiness and discipline. The French then advanced several strong columns from the olives, and marched towards the Spanish centre and right.

At this moment, the Spanish general gave orders to the whole of the line on the right of Ocana, to advance and charge with bayonets; the cavalry moving on also equal with the infantry. The line advanced more than 200 paces. The French columns in the mean time deployed, and gave a great fire of vollies by battalions, and grape, which checked the Spaniards. The French cavalry attacked the left and were repulsed; but they entered with their cavalry the centre. They manœuvied under the fire of the Spaniards with several columns, and their cavalry shewed itself on the left. The 7th Spanish division, which was on the right of the infantry, and immediately next the cavalry, was thrown into some confusion, but as often rallied, formed column, and came on. Two regiments of that division behaved nobly; the first battalion of the Spanish guards, and the fifth of Seville. They remained in the line the whole time; floating backwards and forwards, but always facing the enemy. The guards, who were 900 strong, left 14 officers and 450 men on the field; the 5th of Seville had 450 in action, and about 80 have been accounted for. This is the regiment which so much distinguished itself with sir Robert Wilson at Puerto de Banos, and which is mentioned by him.

At length a French close column under marshal Mortier marched *au pas de charge* broke the line, and its head came equal to the second line of cavalry. At this instant the French deployed. A great many pieces of artillery in front of the cavalry kept up a heavy discharge of grape, supported by a line of infantry, and the cavalry advanced to charge the right of the Spaniards. The battle was now lost; in a few minutes the whole of the infantry on the right gave way; and the cavalry, seeing this, turned their horses to the rear. The whole of the left of the infantry stood firm, and cheered the general as he passed them; but without saying a word, except that the left should follow him he quitted the field.

No effort was afterwards made to make the least stand. The whole army fled in the most dreadful confusion. A new squadron attempted to form up but they gave way again. The rapid fire of the French, their shouts of victory, and the sound of horses' feet (a sound terrible to the Spaniards in the plains where they have been so often cut topieces) augmented the confusion. The cannon was abandoned, and the whole of it instantly in the power of the French. The French cavalry found themselves in the midst of 30,000 fugitive infantry, in full as position never seen. La Carolina, and were obliged to traverse a plain more than 120 miles in many parts. The French did not pursue beyond the Guadiana.

It is impossible to ascertain what the loss on each side was. The battle lasted about five hours, and the troops were often very near each other, and sometimes mixed. Persons who have been on the side of the Tagus with the French, say they lost 6000 men, but the number is probably exaggerated. It is certain that up to the battle they lost 1000 cavalry. The Spaniards only saved 4 or 5 pieces of artillery, and hardly any baggage. The Spanish soldiers fought with great valor, but what folly to commit on a plain such young troops with veterans! Had they been in a position or in mountains the battle would have probably had a different termination. The Spaniards cannot manœuvre under fire, which the French do with almost as much facility as on parade. The regiment of Murcia was cut to pieces. The Spanish loss was 5000 killed and wounded, and 15,000 prisoners.

Marshal Victor, who had crossed the Tagus at Villamaurique, pursued all night. At ten o'clock he overtook 800 Spanish dragoons at Sillo, 20 miles from Ocana, who were so fatigued, having been saddled 36 hours, and who had unbridled their horses, that they were all made prisoners.

General Areisaga, on the first appearance of the enemy, mounted into the steeple of Ocana. On descrying the enemy he felt much alarmed, and now for the first time, perceived what was likely to be the consequence of his rashness and presumption, he went to the left, and before the battle was quite lost, he quitted the field. Brigadier general lord Macduff, upon this, proposed to the marquis of Molespina, major general of the horse, who was second in command, to assume the chief command, and that he would assist him to the utmost of his power. The French cavalry, at this time, broke through the centre and rendered all lord Macduff's efforts (he was continually in the thickest of the battle from the commencement) to retrieve the fortune of the day, useless.

NORFOLK, *May* 14.

Arrived here this morning the ship Rolla, Captain Sanford, from Lisbon, which place he left on the fifth of April last.—The British & Portuguese army of 100000 men, were on the frontiers, where they had been some time; the French had not attempted to advance—The day before capt. S. sailed a fleet of transports with troops and horses had arrived. Fifteen thousand men were daily expected from England to reinforce lord Wellington's army.

Markets for corn and flour were good, the former two dollars per bushel, and the latter fifteen dollars per barrel, and looking up.

Land for Sale.

IN pursuance of a decree of the worshipful court of King George county, we the subscribers, commissioners therein named, will expose to public sale to the highest bidder on the premises for ready cash, on Tuesday the 12th of June next, *one undivided moiety of the TRACT OF LAND* lying in the county of Fairfax, on the waters of Difficult Run, about fifteen miles from Alexandria—the Little River Turnpike Road passing thro' the tract. This land was conveyed by a deed of gift from John Ashton, sen. to Charles H. Ashton and others, and is sold to satisfy a debt due Austin Smith from said Charles H. Ashton.

William Moss,
Joseph Powell,
William Payne,
Richard Fitzhugh,
Richard Ratcliffe.

May 9. 2awts

PUBLIC SALE.

Under the authority of a deed of trust to the subscriber, on Monday the 28th day of May next, will be offered at public sale, on a credit of 60 and 90 days, at the tavern of Wm Padget, on the Western Turnpike Road, five miles from Alexandria,

A Tract of Land

CONTAINING 86 1-4th acres; lying on the said road and on the old turnpike. For the convenience of purchasers the whole tract has been laid off into lots fronting on the said roads. A survey of the land may be seen on application to the subscriber.

R. I. Taylor.

April 28. 20ts.

JUST RECEIVED,

8 pipes Northern Gin, first quality.
40 barrels *Russering* Apples.
For sale by
John G. Ladd.

May 15.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

FRIDAY, MAY 18.

The difference.—When the unfortunate Pearce was murdered in the port of New York by a shot from an English ship, the whole country was in an uproar; revenge! revenge! was the cry, and democratic prints for weeks in succession, teemed with nothing but anathemas against the savage authors of the outrage.

I do not find fault with this. I wish that Whitby, the captain of the British vessel, and his gunner had been hung. No ship of any nation with whom we are at peace, has any business to fire a single gun loaded with such materials as can possibly produce injury, in our waters. Our territory, by water as well as by land, is neutral. and for a foreign ship within its limits to fire either ball or shot for any purpose whatsoever, should subject the commander to the severest reprobation and the most exemplary punishment.

It is not therefore with the democratic outcry against British injustice, that I am displeased; but it is because the very same outrages, when perpetrated by a *Frenchman*, are passed over by these same democrats, without a murmur and without a comment.

To omit other instances; La Revanche du Cerf, a French privateer which has experienced in the harbor of Charleston the most friendly shelter, protection, and assistance, has within these few days and in gun shot of our shores, wantonly fired a volley of musquetry into an American schooner, by which a passenger was badly wounded. The act is rendered, if possible, still more atrocious, as the schooner was one which the captain of the privateer well knew, and on board of which, but a short time before, he had received many civilities. Yet the democratic paper of that place expresses no indignation at the fact; no 'staring capitals' announce to the public that the patriotic ardor of the editor is aroused upon the occasion; but the act is forbbed in as few words as possible, without ostentation and without remark. But we ought not to be surprized at this, nothing less could be expected from men whose whole course of conduct shews, that where France is concerned, the interests of America are but a secondary consideration.

(Virginia Patriot.

What is Republicanism?—It is a government of the people without monarchy. It is immaterial whether the monarch be called a king, an emperor or a president. If one man governs the whole it is no longer a republic; it is a monarchy. France is still called a republic! But where was there ever greater despotism than now reigns in France.

Republicanism is a regard for the true interest of the whole commonwealth; a desire to promote the general welfare.

Democrats and jacobins, assuming the name of republicans, deceive the people.—Their object is to build up themselves, careless of what becomes of those who follow them.

What is Democracy or Jacobinism?

It is a compound of all the malignant passions, envy, malice, hatred, &c. Thus a democrat or a Jacobin will do all in his power to pull down those who are above him and raise himself—he will prefer a Jefferson to a Washington—he will give his vote and use all his influence for a man of his politics, of no talents or virtue, rather than for a federalist of known and acknowledged talents, virtue and patriotism; he will oppose good laws: all this he will do with his eyes open; he knows he may ruin his country, but he gratifies his passions; he thinks he shall be built up himself. Rising on the shoulders of the people whom he deceives, he kicks them behind him unmindful of their fate.

Boston Palladium.)

From the Albany Balance.

BULLETIN OF THE GRAND ARMY.

Defeat of the Patriots!

A great and important battle has been fought between the troops of the great bashaw, and the patriot army, under the standard of general Platt. The bashaw's army consisted of the whole band of conscripts, known by the name of the Tom-clintonians; nearly all the old tories in the country; and a numerous train called the legion of cousins; and the old race of office hunters; and the whole battallion of *light* troops commanded by the experienced gen. Lewis. The Patriot army consisted of the old veterans of the revolution and their descendants; the adherents of the Washington policy; the friends of the constitution; and the true whigs and republicans of the country. The line of the army extended from Montauk point on the south, to the St. Lawrence on the north, and lake Erie on the west. Great preparations had been made for the battle and the day and hour appointed for their onset fixed upon. At ten o'clock on the 24th of April, the action commenced through the whole line, and continued with very little intermission until the 26th about sun set. The conflict was severe, both armies were confident of success, and the event remained for a long time doubtful; but the battle finally terminated in favor of the bashaw, in consequence of a reinforcement of about ten thousand mercenaries, which had been enlisted and equipped in a clandestine manner and secretly brought into the field to aid the regular forces of the bashaw. We have not yet been able to collect the particulars of the terrible battle; but the following may be considered as authentic as far as they go.

Each army consisted of four grand divisions, the western, eastern, middle and and southern; these divisions were divided into regiments, and the regiment into companies.

In the grand western division the patriots had calculated on a glorious triumph: but it was here that their numerous levy of mercenaries, which had been enlisted and equipped in a clandestine manner were most numerous. Thousands of these men were engaged in the battle when least expected; and the consequence was that the patriots were overpowered and defeated through the whole line of the western division.

In the eastern grand division the patriots were headed by an old revolutionary general, and had great hopes of entire success; but owing to the great number of new levies in the bashaw's ranks, and a want of proper organization of the patriot troops, the enemy obtained a considerable advantage. The Albany regiment considered the victory so easy and certain, that several companies were but partially engaged, and many officers and men remained entirely inactive. The consequence was a trifling loss. The Trojans and all the other companies in the Rensselear regiment behaved well and gained great honor. The Schenectady regiment fought bravely, but were overpowered by the Mohawks and the Mercenaries. The patriots of the Montgomery regiment met with a very heavy loss from the same causes. The bashaw always boasted of his great superiority in the Washington regiment; but his troops were nearly thrown into confusion, by the impudent attempt of an itenerent major-general to usurp the command of the regiment. The attempt however was defeated and the general '*non suited.*' The bashaw's Saratoga regiment, was compelled by the vigorous movements and well directed fire of the patriot troops, to fall back very considerably. On the whole though the division met with a very severe loss, the victory is yet disputed.

In the Middle Grand Division, the Patriots fought with great skill and bravery. The old Columbia regiment did itself great honor, gained much ground, and beat the enemy at every point. The intrepid Germantown company maintained its usual ascendancy. The Duchess regiment barely kept its ground. The Greenes fought well, but met with considerable loss. All efforts of the Patriots, however, were vain; for the Rockland Highlanders, the Orange men the 'Sopus Boys, and the Delawares overpowered them by numbers. The success of the bashaw's troops in the Middle Division, is to be ascribed, in a measure, to their excellent music, the band being led by a famous *Drum* which we have been informed on high authority, "is all important in the day of battle."

In the Grand Southern Division, the enemy had little to boast, excepting in the Bashaw's Suffolk regiment, which, by the aid of the Montawks and the mercenaries, completely overpowered the Patriots in that quarter. The patriot York regiment covered itself with glory. It regained much of the ground it had lost in former battles. Many were found in the Patriot ranks, who formerly fought the battles of the Bashaw. The gallant Captain Clinton engaged the enemy with an incessant fire of red hot shot; and galled a band of Tom Cats, whom he found in their ranks, without mercy. It is supposed that the Bashaw lost as much by *bad music* in this division, as he gained by *good* in the Middle; as he had nothing but a miserable *Organ* which he found in an old *bee*-house on the bank of the Hudson. This instrument was managed by a stupid fellow, who fell asleep in the midst of the battle. It had never been in tune; and, what was worse, Ghent has shattered it to pieces at the very first shot.

On the whole, the Patriots have been sorely defeated; but not conquered. Their ranks are not broken, nor their forces scattered:—Sensible that they have been beaten by fraud, corruption, and the most profligate expedients, they will calmly wait till the constitution and laws of their country again put it in their power to take the field, and they trust that a patriotic and enlightened people, when convinced (as they assuredly will be) of the means by which their rights have been invaded, and their voice stifled, will come to the resolution to appear in their strength at the next annual battle, and put the troops of the Great Bashaw to flight.

NEW-YORK, *May* 13.

Latest from England.

Yesterday afternoon the British Packet Princess Amelia, Capt. Moorson, arrived here from Falmouth, which place she left on the 9th ult. and Halifax on Wednesday last. The editors of the New-York Gazette have received London papers and Lloyd's Lists to the 6th ultimo, from which they have extracted all that is interesting. The John Adams frigate sailed from England on the 26th March for France & America.

The news in England from Spain, was not so late as that before received at this port.

Sir Francis Burdett, a conspicuous oppositionist, was committed to the Tower for writing a seditious letter to his constituents. There is little else of an interesting nature.

The opinion in England continued to be favorable towards the United States. Mr. Wallace has despatches for government.

The London Morning Chronicle of the 31st of March, mentions the arrival at Falmouth of the packet Express, from New York, with Dr. Logan on board.

The same paper is nearly full of a debate in parliament, which took place the preceding day, 'on the expedition to Holland,'—On the amendment approving the conduct of ministers, the ayes were 253—noes 231—majority for ministers 21. On the other divisions the majority for ministers was 48 and 40.

Price of stocks at London, April 5—3 per cent. cons. 68 3-8 5-8. Consols for—68 3-8 7-8. Price of fine flour ninety shil. ling.

CASUALTY.

DIED yesterday morning, Master EDWARD F. CLARY, son of Mr. *M. Clary* of this place, aged two years and three months, in consequence of a fall from a three story window. The friends and acquaintance of his parents are requested to attend his funeral this morning at half past ten o'clock.

Port of Alexandria.

No arrivals this day.

CLEARED,

Schr. Three Friends, Kelly, Boston, by Lawrason and Fowle.

—— Silvia, Lewis, do. C. I Catlett.

—— Unity, Hall, do. Faxon, Metcalf, and co.

Sloop Lively, Smith, Providence, the master.

—— Polly and Nancy, Gardiner, Warren, do.

The crew of the ship Ann of this port, from New York was taken out at sea, she being water logged—by a vessel from Port-au-Price and have arrived in England.

THE SUBSTANTIAL

Ship Thomas,

Capt. JOHN BORROWDALE,

(Bound to Falmouth for further orders)

Will take a few hogsheads of tobacco on freight, if immediate application is made to the captain on board, or

MARSTELLER & YOUNG.

May 18. 3t

For Freight Wanted for New York,

The fine fast sailing

RISING SUN,

Lying at Daniel McCarty's wharf. Will take from one hundred and fifty hogsheads tobacco, the remainder of her cargo is engaged. Apply to the captain on board, or to

Mordecai Miller.

May 18. 3t

Extract of a Law of the Corporation.

BE IT ENACTED, That the persons living on paved streets, shall clean the footways and gutters opposite the property they occupy; and shall moreover wash such footways every Saturday, from the first day of May to the last day of September, unless prevented by the weather.

The citizens of Alexandria are respectfully requested to notice the above extract, as the law will be strictly adhered to by

Richard Lewis, S. P.

May 18. d1w

Public Sale.

At Alexandria, This DAY, will be sold, on Merchants wharf, on a credit of sixty days—

70 boxes fresh Lemmons,
30 baskets soft-shell Almonds,
56 boxes Raisins.

P. G. Marstellar.

May 18.

Thomas M. Davies,

Begs leave respectfully to inform the public that he has received from Philadelphia,

A very general assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Mens' SHOES,

of the best fabric, selected with care by himself. Also, hatters leather, Bennipgheve's and Dick's Scotch and Rappee Snuff, and hair Sieves.

All of which he offers for sale on moderate terms, with liberal allowance to those who take a quantity.

BOOTS as usual, made at his shop, of the best materials and newest fashions.

May 18.

Public Sale.

By Order of the Orphan's Court of Alexandria County,

WILL BE SOLD,

at the Market Square, on Wednesday the 23d inst. between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock,

Sundry Household Furniture,

belonging to the estate of Mary Weston, deceased.

D. MANOR, D. M.

for W. Boyd, Marshall.

May 17. dst

T. W. PEYTON,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

6000 bushels Liverpool and Lisbon Salt
Muscovado Sugar in barrels
Loaf and Lump do. do.
Coffee in barrels and sacks
Imperial and Young Hyson Tea, in quarter chests
Spanish Segars in half boxes
Mould and Spermaceti Candles, in cases
Brown Soap in do.
New-England Rum in hhds. and barrels
Short yellow Nankeens, by the bale.

May 9. d1w

NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Washington and Alexandria Turnpike Company, are requested to attend a general meeting of the Company at the court-house, on *Tuesday* the 23d instant, at ten o'clock, A. M. at which time and place the books of the Company will be opened for an inspection, and a proposition will be made for receiving subscriptions for an additional number of shares to complete the said road, and will be continued open by adjournment from day to day until the number which shall be allowed to subscribed for.

G. Deneale, *President.*

May 4.

Just Published and for Sale

at the Book-Stores of Robert Gray, James Kennedy, sen. and Cottom & Stewart, and at the office of the Alexandria Daily Gazette,

—(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS)—

AN

ORATION

ON

THE BIRTH OF WASHINGTON:

DELIVERED BEFORE THE WASHINGTON SOCIETY OF ALEXANDRIA,

BY

ROBERT GOODLOE HARPER, ESQ.

ONE OF ITS MEMBERS,

ON THE

22d FEBRUARY, 1810,

AND PUBLISHED BY ITS ORDER.

Public Sale.

PURSUANT to a deed of trust to the subscriber, from John Potts and Eliza his wife to secure the payment of certain sums of money due to the Bank of Alexandria from George North and co. will be exposed to public sale at auction on Wednesday the sixth of June next at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on the premises

A certain Lot or piece of Land, with the buildings thereon, bounded by Henry, Oronoko, Fayette and Pendleton streets, and which is subject to a ground rent of one hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty three cents per annum, forever. Terms of sale Cash.

Ludwell Lee, *Trustee.*

May 15th. 1810. d. 3. w.

Thirty Dollars Reward

Will be given for apprehending and securing in jail negro SOLOMON, who was seen lurking about the suburbs of Alexandria this morning; he is of low stature, about twenty years old, and had on an old white but brown coat and striped pantaloons a good deal worn. It is supposed he is now in town. All persons are hereby forewarned from harboring or carrying off said negro.

Thomas Hunton.

May 3—8. dtf

Public Sale.

Will be sold, at public sale, at *Brook's* tavern, in Alexandria, on SATURDAY, the 19th of May next—

That valuable Tract of Land,

known as *Brent's Patent*, formerly occupied by Presley Cox, and lately by Josiah Watson, being on the waters of Holmes' Run, about two miles from the town of Alexandria, between the Colchester road and the great turnpike now leading from Alexandria to Little River, containing about 490 acres, agreeable to a plat and survey which will be produced on the day of sale, and which may now be seen by applying to Col. *Gilpin*, of Alexandria, or to *Alexander Kerr*, of Washington city. The land will be laid off in lots of from 40 to 50 acres to suit purchasers.—The terms of sale will be—One third cash, and a credit of 6 and 12 months on the remaining two thirds, notes negotiable in the bank of Alexandria with approved endorsers, bearing interest from the date.

The title to the above land is unquestionable, it will be made by the commissioners appointed by the court of Fairfax county to the purchasers. In the above tract there is a large proportion of bottom land, which will make excellent meadow, and the upland has elegant scites for building.

May 1. dts

Coach-making, in all its various Branches.

E. P. TAYLOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he continues to carry on the *Coach-making Business* in all its various branches, at the shop in Fairfax-street, formerly occupied by *Rhea* and *Taylor*, where all orders in his line of business will be strictly attended

From an establishment of three years in the above line of business he is able to say, as a proof of his workmanship, he has many vouchers.

Gentlemen who may please to favor him with their orders for Carriages of any kind or description, may depend on having their work executed with neatness and strength.

N. B. All kinds of Carriages and Harnesses made and repaired with neatness and dispatch.

FOR SALE,

A second hand Coachee with Harness.

SPANISH MERINO SHEEP

FOR SALE.

On TUESDAY the 5th day of June next, will be sold to the highest bidder at Broomlawn, near the town of Alexandria,

Six full-blooded Spanish Merino Rams,

which have just arrived in the ship Diana from Spain. These sheep have been selected with care, and are believed to be of the first class of Merinos.

The sale will take place at 12 o'clock, and a credit of ninety days will be given for notes negotiable in the Bank of Alexandria, with approved indorsers.

James H. Hooe.

May 9. eots.

Bank of Potomac,

May 3, 1810.

Notice is hereby given the Stockholders of the Bank of Potomac,

THAT a dividend of Four per Cent. has been declared on the capital stock for the last half year, which will be paid them or their representatives on Tuesday next, the 8th instant.

By order of the President and Directors,

Charles Page, *Cashier.*

May 5. 3tawts

FOR SALE,

At the town of Occoquan, on the 28th day of May next, at Public Auction,

That valuable MILL SEAT,

late the property of Elisha Janney,

SITUATE in the said town of Occoquan. On this scite was erected, about eleven years ago, a spacious three story BRICK MILL HOUSE, which ever since has been occupied as a manufacturing mill, until about twelve months ago it was destroyed by fire—the stones and bricks of the former walls, and the iron work of the building are upon the spot, and would answer for a new mill, which might with these aids, be erected in time to grind the growing crop of wheat.

The advantages appertaining to this valuable property, which in the driest season never wash a water, being furnished by the Occoquan river, are so generally known as not to need a particular enumeration: suffice it to state that it is situated in a healthy and flourishing little town at the Falls of the river, about 16 miles south of Alexandria, on the great stage road, leading north and south—in the heart of a wheat country—and has navigable water to the mill door, where vessels may come of sufficient burthen to carry 500 barrels of flour. With this valuable seat for water works of any description, there may be had about 250 acres of well timbered land, lying on the opposite side of the river.

For this property one-tenth of the purchase money will be required in hand, and the residue in three equal annual payments, with interest from the day of sale.

Richard M. Scott,

Trustee for Creditors of E. Janney

April 25. 2aw da.

Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the county court of Fairfax, will be sold, at public sale, on the premises, at 12 o'clock on the 28th day of the present month, if fair; if not, on the next fair day, at the same time and place; so much of the tract of land known by the name of

WEST GROVE,

As will be sufficient to raise the sum of one hundred pounds. The land proposed for sale lies on the south side of Hunting Creek, and contiguous to the bridge. It will be laid off to suit purchasers and sold for cash.

The Commissioners.

May 8. 3tawts

LAW BOOKS.

Just Received for Sale by JAMES KENNEDY, Sen. Bookseller, King street,

Tucker's Blackstone, 5 vols.
Burrow's Reports, 5 vols.
Hening and Munford's do. 3 vols.
Binney's do.
Douglas's do. 2 vols.
Schoale and Leroy's do.
Selwin's Nisiprius, 3 vols.
Buller's do.
Espinass's do. 2 vols.
Tidd's Practice in Chancery, 2 vols.
Harrison's do. 2 vols.
Peters' Admiralty Decisions
Sugden's Law of Vendors
Kidd on Awards
Park on Insurances
Watson on Partnerships
Chitty on Bills
Maxwell on do.
Newland on Contracts
Roberts on Fraudulent Conveyances
Ditto on Frauds
Chitty on Pleading, 2 vols.
Powell on Devises
Coleman and Cain's Cases
Peake's Evidence
East's Crown Law, 2 vols.
Anthon's abridgement of Blackstone
Butler's Horæ Juridicæ
Hening's Virginia Justice
Revised Code of the Laws of Virginia
Montefiore's Commercial Precedents
Beccaria on Crimes and Punishments

ALSO,

Milnor's Church History, 2 vols.

Sequel to the Antidote to Miseries of Human Life, containing a further account of the Widow Placid and her daughter Rachel, by the same author.

☞ Orders for Law, Medical, Theological or Classical Books received as above and executed with all convenient dispatch.

April 12 eo

Pinkerton's Collection of Voyages

PART 4th, *Is just Received.* Subscribers are requested to send for their copies.

This number completes the first volume of this very interesting work, which is embellished with twelve handsome engravings and contays a body of information respecting the countries of which it treats far exceeding any collection hitherto published in the world. The following volumes will still become more interesting as they proceed towards those countries which are more civilized or more celebrated in ancient and modern history.

May 11, eo6f

New Ale & Porter Cellar.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Public that he has on hand, and intends to keep a constant supply of the best

PHILADELPHIA

ALE, PORTER and BEER,

which he can recommend; for sale by the bottle, dozen, quart or gallon, in a healthy part of the town, on the north side of King street, two doors west of the Diagonal Pump.

James Pover.

May 16. eo3t

New Cordage Store.

THE subscriber informs his friends, and the public generally, that he has commenced business on Merchants Wharf, between King and Prince streets, in the house lately occupied by the United States as an office of inspection; where he intends to keep a general assortment of CORDAGE, made by *John Chalmers*, sen. rope-maker for the government of the United States. This cordage he presumes, will bear a comparison with any made on the continent.

All orders directed to him from any part of the Union, for cordage of the above kind, will be attended to, and executed with dispatch.

He keeps for sale a variety of articles in the ship chandelary line. Also, salt, sugar, coffee, &c. and superfine flour selected for family use. Cash given for hemp, wheat and corn.

Joseph Rowen.

May 10 2aw3w

JUST RECEIVED FOR SALE,

BY JAMES KENNEDY SEN.

BOOKSELLER, KING-STREET,

AN

ORATION,

COMMEMORATIVE OF THE

CHARACTER & ADMINISTRATION

OF

WASHINGTON.

DELIVERED BEFORE THE

AMERICAN REPUBLICAN SOCETY OF PHILADELPHIA,

On the 22d day of February, 1810,

BY CHARLES CALDWELL, M. D.

Published at the request of the Society.

PRICE THIRTY ONE CENTS.

*** Subscriptions for the Port Folio are received as above.

March 16. eotf.

Public Sale.

Under the authority of a decree of the United States Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, held at Alexandria, the subscribers will offer at public sale, on the 1st day of June next, at the Coffee House,

Three Squares of GROUND,

near the Spring Garden:

A number of valuable building Lots,

on King, Alfred and Patrick streets.

ALSO

Several well secured GROUND RENTS

One fourth of the purchase money will be required in hand, and on the balance a credit of 6, 12 and 18 months will be allowed on negotiable notes with approved endorsers. The title will be made on the payments being completed.

James Sanderson,
Robert I. Taylor.

May 4 eo

FOR SALE,

A valuable new MERCHANT MILL, in complete repair, with two pair of French burrs for wheat and one pair of Allegany stones for corn. There is machinery of every description for conveying the wheat into the waggon and from the packing with a very small portion of manual labor. It may be tended with less than half the labor in common mills. It is situate on the main turnpike road leading from Ashby's Gap to Alexandria, on a good stream of water as any in the parts. It is capable of making 80 barrels of flour every twenty four hours;—it is also expected the new paved road will come directly by it, which will make the carriage of flour to Alexandria short, cheap and easy.

Any person wishing to purchase will do well to make immediate application, as possession will be given the first of July. It is presumed that any person wishing to purchase would want to see the premises, where the terms will be made known by

Joseph Hatcher,

OR

Samuel Hatcher,

Near Leesburg.

April 17.

FOR RENT

THE DWELLING HOUSE in which I now reside, at the corner of Fairfax and Queen streets—The Ware-House part of the tenement I shall retain the use of.—To a good tenant it will be let at a very moderate rent. Possession may be had in two or three weeks.

Cuthbert Powell.

april 6. eo

GRAND LOTTERY,

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dolls. each

STATE OF NEW-YORK,

Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, | *Isaac Dennison,*
Benjamin Dewitt, | AND
George Merchant, | *Stephen Thorne.*

SCHEME.

3	Prizes of	$25,000	is $75,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5,000	5,000
4	350 Tickets each,	1,000	7,000
2		2,000	4,000
5		1,000	5,000
28		500	14,000
30		200	6,000
50		100	5,000
100		50	5,000
200		20	4,000
10,500		10	105,000
10,924	Prizes,		245,000
24,076	Blanks,		
35,000	Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000

Less than 3 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to $1,000.

1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.

1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.

1st do. 25th do. 250 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive

1st do 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.

1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.

1st do. 40th do. 1000

1st do. 45th do. 25,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten-Dollar prize each.

☞ The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

TICKETS for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

* Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of *A*, the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle *A* to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One HundredT housand Dollars!

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by

COTTOM & STEWART,

Price 1 Dollar,

GLENCARN;

OR

THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,

A NOVEL.

By GEORGE WATTERSTON, Esq.

Of WASHINGTON CITY,

Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCARN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain, instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 6.